

SAFETY DATA SHEET



1. Identification

Product identifier WIL-GRO Six Iron (AUS_Living_Turf)

Other means of identification None.

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Ag Product - Plant Nutrition

Restrictions on use Workers (and your customers or users in the case of resale) should be informed of the potential presence of respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica as well as their potential hazards. Appropriate training in the proper use and handling of this material should be provided as required under applicable regulations.

Details of manufacturer or importer

Manufacturer

Company name Wilbur-Ellis Company LLC
Address 16300 Christensen Rd. Ste 135
 Tukwila, WA 98188
 United States
Telephone Branded Products (800) 500-1698
 Information
Website Not available.
E-mail SDS@wilburellis.com
Emergency phone number Chemtrec - Domestic (800) 424-9300
 Chemtrec - International +1 703-741-5970

Supplier Living Turf
 2/17 Barclay St, Marrickville
 NSW 2204 AU
 General Assistance 02 8594 6000

2. Hazard(s) identification

Label elements, including precautionary statements

Hazard symbol(s) None.
Signal word None.
Hazard statement(s) Not available.
Precautionary statement(s)
Prevention Not available.
Response Not available.
Storage Not available.
Disposal Not available.

Other hazards which do not result in classification None known.

Supplemental information None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixture

Identity of chemical ingredients	CAS number and other unique identifiers	Concentration of ingredients
Iron Oxide	1309-37-1	5 - < 10
Calcium Carbonate	471-34-1	1 - < 3
Other components below reportable levels		90 - 100

4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Inhalation	Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.
Skin contact	Not available.
Eye contact	Do not rub eyes. Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Not available.

Personal protection for first-aid responders Not available.

Symptoms caused by exposure Dusts may irritate the respiratory tract, skin and eyes.

Medical attention and special treatment Not available.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Not available.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Not available.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical Not available.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire fighters Not available.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Hazchem code None.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel Keep unnecessary personnel away. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

For emergency responders Not available.

Environmental precautions Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Avoid the generation of dusts during clean-up. Collect dust using a vacuum cleaner equipped with HEPA filter. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk.

Large Spills: Wet down with water and dike for later disposal. Shovel the material into waste container. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Do not breathe dust. Practice good housekeeping.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Control parameters Follow standard monitoring procedures.

Occupational exposure limits

Australia. National Workplace OELs (Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants, Appendix A)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Calcium Carbonate (CAS 471-34-1)	TWA	10 mg/m ³	Inhalable dust.
Iron Oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	TWA	5 mg/m ³	Fume.

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
Iron Oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.

UK. EH40 Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Calcium Carbonate (CAS 471-34-1)	TWA	4 mg/m3	Respirable.
		4 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
		10 mg/m3	Inhalable
		10 mg/m3	Inhalable dust.
Iron Oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Fume.
		5 mg/m3	Fume.
	TWA	4 mg/m3	Respirable.
		10 mg/m3	Inhalable

Germany. DFG MAK List (advisory OELs). Commission for the Investigation of Health Hazards of Chemical Compounds in the Work Area (DFG)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Iron Oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	TWA	4 mg/m3	Inhalable dust.
		0.3 mg/m3	Respirable dust.

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Exposure guidelines

Occupational exposure to nuisance dust (total and respirable) and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled.

Appropriate engineering controls

If material is ground, cut, or used in any operation which may generate dusts, use appropriate local exhaust ventilation to keep exposures below the recommended exposure limits.

Individual protection measures, for example personal protective equipment (PPE)**Eye/face protection**

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection**Hand protection**

Not available.

Other

Not available.

Respiratory protection

Wear respirator with dust filter.

Thermal hazards

Not available.

Hygiene measures

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance****Physical state**

Solid.

Form

Powder.

Color

Not available.

Odor

Not available.

Odor threshold

Not available.

pH

Not available.

Melting point/freezing point

Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling range

Not available.

Flash point

Not available.

Evaporation rate

Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas)

Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.

Vapor pressure Not available.

Vapor density Not available.

Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature Not available.

Decomposition temperature Not available.

Viscosity Not available.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity Not available.

Chemical stability Not available.

Possibility of hazardous reactions Not available.

Conditions to avoid Avoid temperatures exceeding the decomposition temperature. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Not available.

Hazardous decomposition products Not available.

11. Toxicological information**Information on possible routes of exposure**

Inhalation Dust may irritate respiratory system.

Skin contact Dust or powder may irritate the skin.

Eye contact Dust may irritate the eyes.

Ingestion Not available.

Symptoms related to exposure Dusts may irritate the respiratory tract, skin and eyes.

Acute toxicity Not available.

Skin corrosion/irritation Not available.

Serious eye damage/irritation Not available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization Not available.

Germ cell mutagenicity Not available.

Carcinogenicity In 1997, IARC (the International Agency for Research on Cancer) concluded that crystalline silica inhaled from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans. However in making the overall evaluation, IARC noted that "carcinogenicity was not detected in all industrial circumstances studied. Carcinogenicity may be dependent on inherent characteristics of the crystalline silica or on external factors affecting its biological activity or distribution of its polymorphs." (IARC Monographs on the evaluation of the carcinogenic risks of chemicals to humans, Silica, silicates dust and organic fibres, 1997, Vol. 68, IARC, Lyon, France.) In June 2003, SCOEL (the EU Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits) concluded that the main effect in humans of the inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust is silicosis. "There is sufficient information to conclude that the relative risk of lung cancer is increased in persons with silicosis (and, apparently, not in employees without silicosis exposed to silica dust in quarries and in the ceramic industry). Therefore, preventing the onset of silicosis will also reduce the cancer risk..." (SCOEL SUM Doc 94-final, June 2003) According to the current state of the art, worker protection against silicosis can be consistently assured by respecting the existing regulatory occupational exposure limits. Occupational exposure to respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled. Risk of cancer cannot be excluded with prolonged exposure.

ACGIH Carcinogens

Iron Oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)

A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Iron Oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Reproductive toxicity	Not available.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Not available.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not available.
Aspiration hazard	Not available.
Chronic effects	Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity	No ecotoxicity data noted for the ingredient(s).
Persistence and degradability	Not available.
Bioaccumulative potential	Not available.
Mobility in soil	Not available.
Other adverse effects	Not available.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site.
Residual waste	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

ADG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

RID

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not available.

15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations

National regulations

Australia Medicines & Poisons Appendix A

Poisons schedule number not allocated.

Australia Medicines & Poisons Appendix B

Poisons schedule number not allocated.

Australia Medicines & Poisons Appendix D

Poisons schedule number not allocated.

Australia Medicines & Poisons Appendix E

Poisons schedule number not allocated.

Australia Medicines & Poisons Appendix F

Poisons schedule number not allocated.

Australia Medicines & Poisons Appendix G

Poisons schedule number not allocated.

Australia Medicines & Poisons Appendix H

Poisons schedule number not allocated.

Australia Medicines & Poisons Appendix I

Poisons schedule number not allocated.

Australia Medicines & Poisons Appendix J

Poisons schedule number not allocated.

Australia Medicines & Poisons Appendix K

Poisons schedule number not allocated.

Australia Medicines & Poisons Schedule 10

Poisons schedule number not allocated.

Australia Medicines & Poisons Schedule 2

Iron Oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)

Australia Medicines & Poisons Schedule 3

Poisons schedule number not allocated.

Australia Medicines & Poisons Schedule 4

Iron Oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)

Australia Medicines & Poisons Schedule 5

Iron Oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)

Australia Medicines & Poisons Schedule 6

Iron Oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)

Australia Medicines & Poisons Schedule 7

Poisons schedule number not allocated.

Australia Medicines & Poisons Schedule 8

Poisons schedule number not allocated.

Australia Medicines & Poisons Schedule 9

Poisons schedule number not allocated.

High Volume Industrial Chemicals (HVIC)

Calcium Carbonate (CAS 471-34-1)

1000 - 9999 TONNES See the regulation for additional information.

Iron Oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)

1000 - 9999 TONNES See the regulation for additional information.

Importation of Ozone Deleting Substances (Customs(Prohibited imports) Regulations 1956, Schedule 10)

Not listed.

National Pollutant Inventory (NPI) substance reporting list

Iron Oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)

2000 TONNES/YR Threshold Category: 2B

400 TONNES/YR Threshold Category: 2A

Prohibited Carcinogenic Substances

Not regulated.

Prohibited Substances (National Model Regulation for the control of Workplace Hazardous Substances, Schedule 2 NOHSC:1005 (1994) as amended)

Not listed.

Restricted Importation of Organochlorine Chemicals (Customs(Prohibited Imports) Regulations 1956, Schedule 9)

Not listed.

Restricted Carcinogenic Substances

Not regulated.

International regulations

Stockholm Convention

Not applicable.

Rotterdam Convention

Not applicable.

Kyoto protocol

Not applicable.

Montreal Protocol

Not applicable.

Basel Convention

Not applicable.

16. Other information

Issue date

11-18-2022

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